

# Covalent Coupling of Proteins to Amino and Blue Dyed Polystyrene Microparticles by the "Glutaraldehyde" Method

## INTRODUCTION

There are many variations used for this procedure. This protocol is offered as a guide and a convenience. Specific situations may require one or more alterations of this protocol. This procedure can be used for coupling proteins to research quantities of microparticles. To use this protocol on a larger scale, increase all volumes in a proportional manner. This procedure is recommended for microspheres 0.5µm or larger. If using microspheres smaller than 0.5µm, please use our Glutaraldehyde Kit with Hollow Fiber Filtering System (Cat. #23964).

## PROCEDURE

Researchers are advised to optimize the use of particles in any application, as procedures designed by other manufacturers may not be ideal.

### Phosphate Buffer Saline (PBS), pH 7.4

First, prepare 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, by adding 0.1 M  $\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_4$  until pH becomes 7.4. To make PBS, take 200ml of the 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, in a 1 liter volumetric flask. Add 8.77g of NaCl and make up the volume to one liter with DI water. Check the pH of the solution. If necessary, adjust the pH to 7.4 by using diluted HCl or NaOH.

### 0.5 M Ethanolamine

Add 0.15ml of ethanolamine (2-aminoethanol) to 4.8ml of PBS, pH 7.4.

### Storage Buffer

Take 20ml of 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, in a 100ml graduated cylinder. Add 0.88g NaCl, 1g bovine serum albumin (BSA), 5ml glycerol and 0.1g  $\text{NaN}_3$  and make up the volume to 100ml. Check the pH of the final solution. If necessary, adjust the pH to 7.4 by using diluted HCl or NaOH.

### Procedure for Covalent Coupling

1. Transfer 1ml of a 2.5% suspension of beads into an Eppendorf tube (1.5ml - 1.9ml capacity).
2. Fill the tube with phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4, and cap the tube.
3. Centrifuge in a microcentrifuge until beads are pelleted.
4. Remove supernatant carefully using a Pasteur pipette. Discard supernatant.
5. Fill the tube with PBS, cap the tube, and resuspend the beads using a Vortex mixer.
6. Centrifuge until beads are pelleted.
7. Repeat Steps 4, 5, and 6, twice.
8. Resuspend pellet in 1ml of 8% glutaraldehyde (EM Grade) in PBS, pH 7.4.
9. Leave overnight at room temperature with gentle end-to-end mixing.

10. Spin until beads are pelleted and remove supernatant.
11. Wash the pellet three times with PBS (Steps 5 and 6).
12. Resuspend the washed beads in 1ml of PBS, pH 7.4, and add 400-500µg of protein.
13. Mix gently for 4-5 hours at room temperature by end-to-end mixing.
14. Spin until beads are pelleted and save supernatant for protein determination. The amount of protein added in Step 12 minus the amount in the supernatant represents the amount of protein bound to the beads.
15. Resuspend pellet in 1ml of 0.5 M ethanolamine in PBS and mix for 30 minutes at room temperature by end-to-end mixing.
16. Spin until beads are pelleted and remove supernatant.
17. Resuspend pellet in 1ml of 10mg/ml bovine serum albumin (BSA) in PBS.
18. Mix for 30 minutes at room temperature and spin. Discard supernatant.
19. Resuspend pellet in 1ml of 10mg/ml BSA in PBS and spin.
20. Resuspend pellet in 1ml of PBS, pH 7.4, containing 10mg/ml BSA, 0.1%  $\text{NaN}_3$  and 5% glycerol (Storage Buffer).

## STORAGE

Store at 4°C. Freezing of particles may result in irreversible aggregation and loss of binding activity.

**These products are for research use only and are not intended for use in humans or for *in vitro* diagnostic use.**

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